100% Sheet: American Civil Rights

Key Events

1	1877-1900: Jim Crow Laws upheld segregated facilities for whites and African-Americans
2	1896: Plessy v Ferguson introduced the idea of 'separate but equal'
3	1954: Brown v Board of Education, Topeka, Kansas ruled that segregation in schools was illegal
4	1955: The Montgomery Bus Boycott successfully challenged segregation on the buses
5	1957: The de-segregation of Little Rock Central High School.
6	1960: Sit ins at lunch counters in Greensboro, North Carolina
7	1961: Freedom Rides
8	1962: James Meredith enrols at the University of Mississippi
9	1962: The Albany Campaign failed to gain publicity and remained segregated
10	1963: The Birmingham Campaign or Project C is launched in January.
11	1963: The white backlash – Medger Evers is killed and the 16th St Baptist Church bombed killing four girls
12	1963: August – March on Washington and Martin Luther King's 'I have a dream' speech
13	1964: Civil Rights Act 1964: Martin Luther King is warded the Nobel Peace Prize
14	1965: August - The Watts Riots
15	1965: The Selma voter registration campaign and march to Montgomery
16	1966: The Black Panther Party formed by Huey Newton and Bobby Seale
17	1968: Martin Luther King assassinated

Key Terms

1	Boycott	to refuse to buy a product or take part in an activity as a way of expressing disapproval
2	NAACP	National Association for the Advancement of Coloured People
3	SCLC	Southern Christian Leadership Conference
4	CORE	Congress of Racial Equality
5	SNCC	Student Non-violent Co-ordinating Committee
6	Civil Rights	the rights of citizens to political and social freedom and equality
7	Segregation	the separation or isolation of a race by separate educational facilities
8	Governor	The person in charge of an American State
9	Discrimination	The unjust or prejudicial treatment of different categories of people, especially on the grounds of race, age, or sex
10	Federal Government	Makes laws for the USA
11	State Government	In charge of law and order, education, health and taxes in its own state
12	Supreme Court	Made up of 9 judges appointed by the President to interpret the constitution
13	Constitution	The basic principles and laws of a nation that determine the powers and duties of the government and guarantee certain rights to the people in it
14	Black Power	Emphasised racial pride, economic empowerment, and the creation of political and cultural institutions for black people

Key People

1	**Martin Luther King Jnr:** Leader of the SCLC, involved in the Montgomery Bus Boycott, Birmingham Campaign and March on Washington
2	**John F Kennedy:** President who introduced the Civil Rights Bill. Assassinated in November 1963
3	**Rosa Parks:** Her refusal to give up her seat led to the Montgomery Bus Boycott
4	**Eugene 'Bull' Connor:** Police Commissioner in Birmingham, Alabama
5	**George Wallace:** Governor of Alabama
6	**Orval Faubus:** Governor of Arkansas
7	**Laurie Pritchett:** Police Chief in Albany